What Are Mouth Guards?
Mouth guards are specialized rubber-like devices that typically fit over the upper teeth and help prevent injury to the teeth, lips, cheeks, and tongue. When used during sports, mouth guards can help prevent tooth loss and may reduce the risk and severity of jaw fractures and concussions.

Who Should Wear a Mouth Guard?
In Nevada, mouth guards are mandated for all persons in grades 9-12 participating in football and in wrestling if they are undergoing orthodontic (braces) treatment. Remember, children and teens aren’t the only ones that should wear a mouth guard - they are strongly recommended for all those participating in any sports where there may be a risk of injury to the jaw, teeth, or head like soccer, basketball, field hockey, lacrosse and baseball.

Mouth guards are especially important for those who wear braces. Trauma to the face can cause damage to fixed orthodontic appliances and brackets. Mouth guards also provide a barrier between these devices and the soft tissues of the mouth lessening the risk of trauma and injury.

Types of Mouth Guards
There are three basic types of mouth guards that all provide protection with varying levels of cost and comfort. An ideal mouth guard is tear-resistant, comfortable, easy to clean, and does not inhibit breathing.

- **Stock Mouth Guards**
Stock mouth guards are inexpensive, standard sized guards that can be purchased at most sporting good stores. They come pre-formed and ready to wear, however some may find them slightly bulky and they may interfere with speech.

- **Boil and Bite Mouth Guards**
Boil and bite mouth guards are designed to be immersed in hot water and then shaped to the form of the teeth using the fingers or biting pressure. This type of mouth guard tends to be more comfortable than a stock mouth guard and provides a better fit when made properly. This type of guard can also be purchased over-the-counter at most sporting good stores.

- **Custom Made Mouth Guards**
Custom made mouth guards can be obtained from a dentist’s office. They are made in a dental office or at a dental laboratory from an impression of the teeth. This type of mouth guard is designed to specifically fit the user’s teeth.

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**Facts about Mouth Guards:**
- More than 5 million teeth are lost each year due to accidental injury.
- An athlete is 60 times more likely to suffer a dental injury while not wearing a mouth guard.
- Up to 200,000 oral injuries are prevented in football alone through the use of mouth guards.
- An athlete is 60 times more likely to sustain damage to the teeth when not wearing a protective mouth guard.
How to Care For A Mouth Guard

Before and after each use, mouth guards should be cleaned with cool, soapy water or a mouth rinse. Guards can also be cleaned using toothpaste and a soft-bristled toothbrush. Guards should also be checked for tears or any other kind of damage following each use. Damaged guards have the potential to cause oral irritation and can have a diminished effect. For this reason, damaged or worn out mouth guards should be replaced.

When not in use, clean mouth guards should be stored in plastic wrap or in a vented container. Athletes are encouraged to minimize handling of their mouth guards during games. Whenever the guard contacts the player’s hands, players are encouraged to rinse the guard off with water to reduce contamination.

Also, over time the user’s jaw size and tooth position may change causing the guard to no longer fit properly. This may require an updated guard to ensure maximum protection at all times. It is also recommended that all guards avoid contact with high temperatures, such as direct sunlight and hot water, to avoid possible distortion.

Remember...mouth guards should never be shared between players.

For oral health information visit our website at www.oralhealthnevada.com